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Miscarriage, Termination of Pregnancy and Neonatal Death over 18 weeks and under 24 weeks gestation

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Guideline to be followed by (target staff): This document applies to Midwives and Obstetricians working with Women and Children Clinical Service Unit

To be read in conjunction with the following documents:

None

CQC Fundamental standards:

Regulation 9 – person centred care

Regulation 10 – dignity and respect

Regulation 11 - Need for consent

Regulation 12 – Safe care and treatment

Regulation 13 - Safeguarding service users from abuse and improper treatment

Regulation 14 – Meeting nutritional and hydration needs

Regulation 15 – Premises and equipment

Regulation 16 – Receiving and acting on complaints

Regulation 17 – Good governance

Regulation 18 - Staffing

Regulation 19 – Fit and proper

Disclaimer

Since every patient's history is different, and even the most exhaustive sources of information cannot cover every possible eventuality, you should be aware that all information is provided in this document on the basis that the healthcare professionals responsible for patient care will retain full and sole responsibility for decisions relating to patient care; the document is intended to supplement, not substitute for, the expertise and judgment of physicians, pharmacists or other healthcare professionals and should not be taken as an indication of suitability of a particular treatment for a particular individual.



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Guideline Statement

To enable staff to care for women and babies in cases where there has been a miscarriage, termination of pregnancy or a neonatal death between 18 and 23+6/40 gestation.

Executive Summary

- All neonatal deaths between 18- and 23+6-weeks gestation (Even if a termination of pregnancy)
 MUST be referred to the coroner (see checklist Appendix 7)
- The document applies to all clinical areas that manage women who have a pregnancy loss between 18- and 24-weeks gestation

Key Messages

- Please check EDD
- Please put the woman's name in the ward clerk's book and ask her to cancel all consultant and ultrasound appointments. Do not make them an appointment. The bereavement midwife will arrange this
- **Ensure** the families are given the bereavement midwife's contact details so that she can offer support to the family. Please make sure you document the woman's contact number on the checklist (Appendix 3)
- If parents wish to take their baby home and it is a miscarriage before 24 weeks, they can BUT
 it must go to the mortuary first and signed out from the mortuary, NEVER directly from labour
 ward. If it is a neonatal death before 24 weeks, they cannot take it home as it will have to be
 referred to the coroner.
- Ensure women are admitted if IUD diagnosed with severe PET as they are at risk of eclampsia and associated morbidity and mortality.
- If woman is Rhesus negative give Anti-D on diagnosis and also following the birth (Qureshi et al., 2014).

This document provides information for healthcare professionals caring for women who have had a miscarriage, termination of pregnancy (TOP), or neonatal death (NND) before 24 weeks gestation. The aim is to improve the experience of care for women and their families and to ensure that all aspects of care are carried out. This document contains information on the following:

1.0 Roles and Responsibilities:

It is everybody's role and responsibility to ensure that all communication is documented and that any decisions made are with the family's consent. If there is any doubt of a language barrier then an interpreter should be involved in their care.

Report relevant fetal losses / early neonatal deaths via MBRRACE-UK / Perinatal Mortality Review Tool. Fetal losses are from 22 weeks and neonatal losses from 20 weeks if the baby has shown signs of life. https://www.npeu.ox.ac.uk/mbrrace-uk/data-collection
https://www.npeu.ox.ac.uk/pmrt/fags

Report all neonatal losses of any gestation to the coroner, ecdop and child health



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1.1 Obstetricians

- Introduce themselves
- Inform parents of situation appropriately. Scan for confirmation of death or arrange a departmental scan
- Prescribing medication for induction of labour
- Complete legal forms, for termination of pregnancy if applicable
- Gain consent for termination of pregnancy if applicable
- Ensure a management plan is documented within the maternal records
- Discuss and gain consent for postmortem if competent (See Appendix 4)
- Give moral support
- Be available for questions
- Provide input if necessary
- Provide ongoing care as required

1.2 Midwives

- Introduce themselves
- Give one to one care
- Obtaining and administrating correct prescribed medication
- Follow the management plan set by Obstetrician
- Follow policy, procedures and guidelines
- Refer to the checklist and ensure it is completed in full
- Give informed choice
- Continuity of care if possible
- Inform the Bereavement Midwife
- Inform the Chaplain (if requested)
- Support with the birth of the baby
- Discuss and gain consent for postmortem if competent

1.3 Antenatal and Newborn Screening Midwives (if TOP)

- Ensure that careful, sympathetic, supportive and detailed counselling regarding the anomaly has been provided including the prognosis and probability of effective treatment
- If opinion at a tertiary hospital is appropriate, ensure that this has been offered and gained if accepted
- Explain possibility of the risk of a live birth and its implications. For all TOPs with a gestational age
 more than 20 weeks, feticide should be explained and encouraged to ensure that the fetus is born
 dead. This is performed by an appropriately trained practitioner
- Provide ARC (Antenatal Results and Choices) booklet and other relevant support organisations
- Inform bereavement midwife
- Support for the woman and family
- Complete the Prenatal Screening Checklist (See Appendix 2)
- Prescription of relevant medication completed
- Guidance on: if a TOP is being carried out and it is considered that there is a risk of the baby being born alive; an Obstetrician must attend before and after death as they need to sign the paperwork with the GMC number. This must be documented in the maternal notes. The use of **Feticide** should be considered





 Guidance on: if admission to labour ward is required, arrange a date and time following agreement with patient

TOP is performed at the patients request where there is substantial risk that if the child was born it would suffer from such physical or mental abnormalities as to be seriously handicapped(Abortion Act 1967 (as amended) s. 1(1); Ground E, The Abortion Regulations 1991 Sch. 1 (Form HSA1), Sch. 2 (Form HSA4))

- If TOP, you need to check prior to the procedure, that two Doctors have completed HSA4-form, part
- HSA1 form must be completed
- After TOP, the doctor carrying out the procedure must complete HSA4-form, part 2

Feticide

For all terminations of a gestational age over 20 weeks, intracardiac potassium chloride is the recommended method to ensure that the fetus is not born alive and the dose chosen should ensure that fetal asystole has been achieved. An appropriately trained practitioner should undertake this. It should be confirmed by observing the fetal heart by an ultrasound scan for five minutes. Additionally, it is mandatory to confirm asystole by an ultrasound scan 30-60 minutes after the procedure, and before the patient leaves the hospital.

Equipment required:

- Ultrasound Scan
- Sterile procedure pack
- 15 cm needle
- 3 x 1 ml syringe
- 1 x orange needle
- 2 x green needle
- Temazepam 20mg (pre-medication)
- Strong potassium chloride (15%) for injection 1 x 10ml ampoule
- Heparin 1:1.000 1 ampoule

Admission arrangements for the patient and the designated place for the procedure are made on an individual patient episode.

When no appropriately trained practitioner is available within the unit the Prenatal Screening Coordinator will arrange for referral to an appropriate Tertiary Referral Centre.

1.4 Bereavement midwife

- Staff support and guidance
- Ensure that bereavement packs are made up ready for the midwife to take care of women who have lost their baby
- Ensure contact is made with the family as soon as appropriate, this can be before, during or after birth of the baby
- Discuss their wishes and offer support, this could be from the induction period to their options regarding funeral arrangements
- Discuss and give options for funeral arrangements
- Discuss and gain consent for postmortem
- Give contact details, landline and mobile so that anyone can contact the bereavement midwife, whatever their circumstances during working hours



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- Keep in touch with the family and be available to support their wishes. i.e. go to their home if requested for as long as they need
- Keep their notes and ensure that they are filed correctly, that the most current blood results are included and the postmortem report if indicated. Blank history sheets put in the notes for the Consultant to write on at the follow-up meeting
- Once all results/reports are available the Bereavement Midwife to make a consultant appointment 10-14 weeks post-birth for the family to come and discuss what happened and answer any questions. Future pregnancies are normally discussed.
- Advise woman to contact the Bereavement Midwife in future pregnancies to ensure early antenatal/Consultant care.

1.5 Chaplaincy and spiritual care

The Chaplain can:

- Offer a service of blessing for the baby
- Give emotional and spiritual support to parents and wider family as appropriate regardless of their faith tradition if any
- Give advice on specific religious requirements of major faith traditions
- Help staff contact a faith community leader for the parents' faith tradition if required
- Help with practical ideas about funeral services
- In certain circumstances conduct funeral services
- Offer informal staff support
- Offer formal staff support by facilitating or sharing in a de-briefing process
- Chaplaincy are available 24/7 and can be contacted via switchboard out of hours

2.0 Implementation and dissemination of document

This document will be used in training healthcare professionals within the Women and Children Division. The document can be accessed electronically via the guidelines and Patient Information System on the Trust's Intranet site.

3.0 Processes and procedures

3.1 Psychological support

There are steps that staff can undertake to help parents during their stay. These include:

- Check EDD, for accurate gestational age
- Keeping them fully informed about what is happening or going to happen
- Being aware of the importance of privacy
- When giving parents information to make choices it may be necessary to repeat yourself. Let them
 know it is alright to take time and that they can change their minds
- Whenever possible talk to parents together
- Give parents the opportunity to be with their baby
- Speak honestly to parents, and do not hurry them
- Listen to what they say and do not say
- Remember non-verbal communication skills as well as verbal.
- The birth environment contributes to the woman's perception and ability to cope
- Offer Chaplaincy / spiritual support



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- To prevent stress to families a recommended mortuary fridge is in the baby room on labour ward which can be used whilst the family are on labour ward. Once they have left, the baby must go to the mortuary.
- Photographs are more effective if taken against a blue or green background. A photograph of the baby being held in a pair of hands is also a nice gesture.
- Please discuss photographs If they are reluctant to have any please emphasise that some people
 do change their minds and it may be useful to take some on a memory card, which they can take and
 keep.
- If parents wish to take their baby home and have miscarried before 24 weeks, they can BUT the baby must go to the mortuary and be signed out from the mortuary. Never directly from labour ward. If it is a live birth before 24 weeks, the baby must be referred to the Coroner so therefore cannot be released without their permission.

3.2 Care on labour ward

 Checklist for Intrauterine Death, Miscarriage, Termination of Pregnancy and Neonatal Death over 18 weeks but under 24 Weeks Gestations (See Appendix 3).

Mifepristone

Mifepristone, an antiprogestogenic steroid, sensitises the myometrium to prostaglandin-induced contractions and ripens the cervix (Mifepristone In: Joint Formulary Committee (2021) *British National Formulary*)

Women will be cared for on Labour Ward.

If induction of labour is required for TERMINATION of PREGNANCY from 16 – 23+6 weeks the medication of choice is:

- Mifepristone 200mg orally SINGLE DOSE 36-48 hours prior to admission.
 Labour Ward has their own supply in the controlled drug cupboard.
- Arrange for admission to 36 48 hours following administration of Mifepristone.
- On admission 400mcg **Misoprostol** inserted vaginally Woman to lay flat for 30 minutes
- 3 hours later 400mcg **Misoprostol** orally / vaginally repeat 3 hourly, (maximum 4 doses)
- Orally may be preferable to the women, however the side effects are less with vaginal route
- Maternal observations, Temperature and Blood Pressure, prior to each dose should be documented in eCARE
- If labour does not establish within 24 hours the consultant should review the management plan

https://bnf.nice.org.uk/drug/misoprostol.html

If induction of labour is required for MISCARRIAGE from 18 – 23+6 weeks the medication of choice is:

- **Mifepristone** 200mg orally SINGLE DOSE 36-48 hours prior to admission. Labour Ward has their own supply in the controlled drug cupboard.
- Arrange for admission to 36 48 hours following administration of Mifepristone.





- On admission 200mcg Misoprostol inserted vaginally Woman to lay flat for 30 minutes
- 6 hours later 200mcg **Misoprostol** orally/vaginally repeat 6 hourly, (maximum 5 doses)
- Orally may be preferable to the women, however the side effects are less with vaginal route
- Consider halving the dose to 100mcg of Misoprostol in the presence of previous Caesarean
- Maternal observations, Temperature and Blood Pressure, prior to each dose should be documented in eCARE
- If labour does not establish within 24 hours the consultant should review the management plan

A light diet may be taken until the onset of regular contractions, then fluids only. Give omeprazole 20mg twice a day.

A choice of analgesia should be discussed, this may include opiate analgesia, Intramuscular or via a PCA (Patient Control Analgesia) or an epidural.

If Paediatric involvement is required for babies less than 24 weeks

- 1. The paediatric team will not be involved in nor attend birth of babies following TOP, even if the baby is born alive.
- 2. In cases of impending miscarriage less than 24 weeks gestation:
 - a. Prior to the birth of the baby/babies, if time permits, a discussion between the paediatrician and the parents should take place in the following gestations:
 - i. Less than 22 weeks gestation: no paediatric involvement.
 - ii. 22+0 to 22+6 weeks gestation: only following specific parental request, having already been spoken to by the obstetric team and following consultant obstetrician to consultant paediatrician referral.
 - iii. 23+0 to 23+6 weeks gestation: paediatric involvement.
 - b. In cases of impending miscarriage with anticipated live birth of gestation less than 24 weeks, paediatric Team will attend in the following scenarios:
 - i. If dates are uncertain but thought to be ≥22 weeks' gestation, the paediatric team will attend the birth. Decision to resuscitate the baby will be at discretion of the paediatric team based on the condition of the baby at birth and any parental wishes expressed.
 - ii. If dates are certain and:
- 3. 23+0 23+6 weeks: paediatric team will attend the birth. A final decision to resuscitate will be made at the time of birth and will depend on the condition of the baby and parental wishes; unless an antenatal decision has been made not to resuscitate the baby as agreed with the parents.
- 4. Less than 23 weeks: No paediatric involvement unless parental wishes and obstetric consultant to paediatric consultant referral.

In situations where the paediatric team has not been required to be present at the birth, the responsibility for viewing the baby in order to complete the death certificate rests with the obstetric team.

Post birth of the baby

- Ensure privacy and allow parents to have the opportunity to be involved in the aftercare of their baby
- Postmortem (PM) booklet must be completed if baby is having a postmortem. Ensure the original
 paperwork goes with the baby and placenta to the mortuary. Please copy the paperwork and give a
 copy to the parents and a copy to remain in the maternal records

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"Wherever possible, the booklet should be given to parents when the option of a post mortem is first
mentioned, before a detailed discussion about consent. Unless it is unavoidable, parents should
always be offered a printed copy."
https://www.hta.gov.uk/policies/sands-perinatal-post-mortem-consent-package

- Post-mortem declaration (consent) signed
- White disposal form (always send)
- Send placenta in a dry pot to the laboratory, ensuring that labels are on the pot, not the lid.
- If a baby has a congenital abnormality or dysmorphic features, discuss with the obstetric consultant
 and if not having a post mortem, send cytogenetics. Take a biopsy from the placental cord insertion,
 in place in pink tissue medium (kept in the IV freezer on labour ward) with a Churchill Hospital
 cytogenetics request form and send with the baby to the mortuary. Forms kept in the plastic filing box
 in the baby room.
- Fill out the congenital abnormalities form and send to prenatal screening (kept in the baby room in the plastic filing box).
- If abnormities are indicated prior to birth, and parents are requesting a postmortem send all relevant paperwork with baby to the mortuary i.e. scan reports. This will help Oxford when a postmortem is being performed.

3.3 Viewing the baby

Ideally if parents indicate that they wish to see their baby before leaving labour ward, keep the baby in the fridge in the baby room on labour ward and use a cold cot when viewing.

- Should the parents wish to see their baby once he/she has gone to the mortuary, ideally they should arrange this through their chosen funeral directors who can collect him/her as soon as the family wish and they will give them support whilst they see their baby before the funeral.
- However: If parents wish to see their baby after it has been taken to the mortuary an appointment
 must be arranged for parents to view their baby in the viewing room. Mortuary staff can be contacted
 on ext: 85828 or contact the Bereavement Midwife on ext 87157 or bleep 1981.
- If parents have gone home and wish to return at the weekend or evening, contact the support team
 and the midwife can go to the mortuary and either bring the baby up to labour ward or use the
 viewing room, attached to the mortuary. The support team have access to the mortuary. If mortuary
 team members are needed then they can be contacted through switchboard, 08.00 till 20.00 at
 weekends.

3.4 Taking their baby home

Check the coroner has agreed with the cause of death if a neonatal death as they can object and request a post mortem on the baby

Also, if mental health issues-sought advice from mental health professionals to ensure they get support in the community and if it is suitable for them to take the baby home

If the parents wish to take their baby home and not return the baby, they can if the baby is under 24 weeks gestation and not showed signs of life. It would be their responsibility to make their own arrangements. If they wish to bury their baby in the garden, for instance, if a rented home, they need to get authorisation from their landlord before doing so

If appropriate, i.e More than 18 weeks and not macerated: Ask parents' if they want to take their baby home for the day/overnight. If they say yes, please let them take the cuddle cot (blue box). Ensure a 1 litre bottle of sterile water is included (we can get this from theatres) and ensure the guidance leaflet is enclosed (Appendix 8)

If they want to take the baby home: Tell the parents' the purpose of using the cuddle cot is to keep the baby cool, which will help to keep their baby from deteriorating

The baby must always leave through the mortuary. Never elsewhere. The mortuary staff will give



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guidance on transporting the baby from the hospital to their home and back to either the hospital or funeral directors of their choice. The hospital will provide a funeral for all babies under 24 weeks unless it's a neonatal death. A live birth has to be registered by Law and therefore the parents will need to register the birth and death. All losses under 24 weeks, do not require registration, unless the baby showed signs of life.

IF they are taking the baby home, Appendix 9, MUST be completed and given to the parents. The parents then take the form to the mortuary. The directions for the mortuary: Go past ED (emergency department) and carry on past Oak House, around the bend and when they see a sign for 'MAIN STORES' to take that left turn and drive to the end. The mortuary is there and they need to press the door bell. The mortuary staff will ask them for the form and give them their baby.

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5.0 Governance

5.1 Document review history

Version number	Review date	Reviewed by	Changes made
14.5	Sept 2023	Tracy Rea	 Removal of bleep numbers Additions to appendix to include forms
14.4	Oct 2022	Tracy Rea	Additions to checklists
14.3	12/2021	Tracy Rea	Addition of appendix 9: Release form
14.2	16/11/2021	Anja Johansen- Bibby	Pg 7 & 8. Dosages for IOL changed in line with RCOG, NICE guidance, and FIGO from 2017.
14.1	09/2021	Tracy Rea	Minor amendments made inline with national requirements.
13	01/2018		Reviewed and updated

5.2 Consultation History

Stakeholders Name/Board	Area of Expertise	Date Sent	Date Received	Comments	Endorsed Yes/No
Julie Cooper	Head of Midwifery	29.01.2028	30.01.2018	Yes	yes
Ed Neale	Divisional Director	29.01.2028	30.01.2018	yes	yes
Zuzanna Gawlowski	Neonatal consultant	16.02.2021	17.02.2021	yes	yes
Women's maternity guideline group	Women and children	26.02.2021		no	
Maternity CIG	Women and children	05.03.2021		no	
Women's Materinty guideline group	Women and Children	06.09.2023		No	Yes

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5.3 Audit and monitoring

Audit/Monitoring Criteria	Tool	Audit Lead	Frequency of Audit	Responsible Committee/Board
 Checklists will be audited to determine the effectiveness of this tool. Any detrimental outcomes. Statement of concerns to be reported to the risk lead who will take / liaise with the guidelines group. 	ChecklistRadar	Bereavement Midwife	Checklist	Labour Ward Forum

5.4 Equality Impact Assessment

As part of its development, this Guideline and its impact on equality has been reviewed. The purpose of the assessment is to minimise and if possible remove any disproportionate impact on the grounds of race, gender, disability, age, sexual orientation, religion or belief, pregnancy and maternity, gender reassignment or marriage and civil partnership. No detriment was identified. Equality Impact assessments will show any future actions required to overcome any identified barriers or discriminatory practice.

Equality Impact Assessment						
Division	Women and Children			Department	Maternity	
Person completing the EqIA	Tracy Rea			Contact No.	87157	
Others involved:				Date of assessment:	23/03/21	
Existing policy/service		Yes		New policy/service		
Will patients, carers, the public	c or staff	Yes				
be affected by the policy/servi	ce?					
If staff, how many/which group	os will be	All staff				
affected?						
Protected characteristic	mpact?	Comments				
Age	NO	NO Positive impact as the policy aims				
Disability	NO		recognise diversity, promote inclusion and fair treatment for patients and staff			
Gender reassignment	NO					



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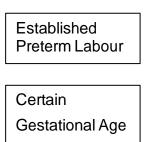
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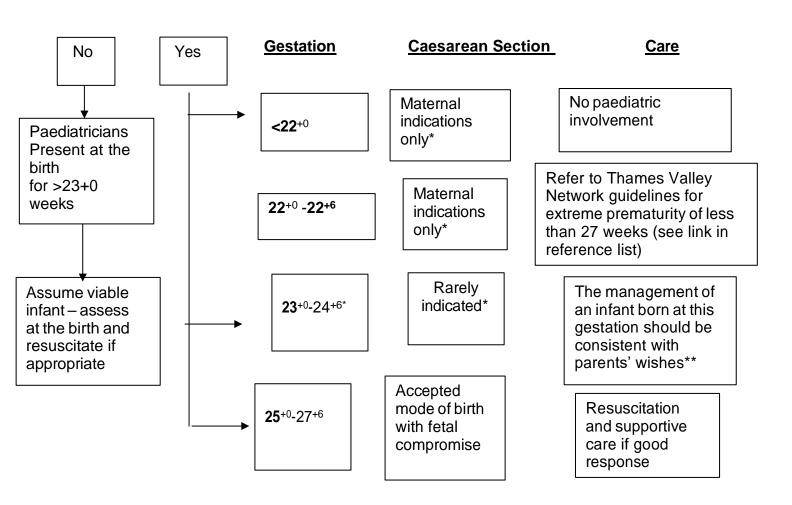
on Keynes University Hospital NHS	Foundation Trust			
Marriage and civil pa	rtnership NO			
Pregnancy and mate	rnity NO			
Race	NO			
Religion or belief	NO			
Sex	NO			
Sexual orientation	NO			
What consultation meth	nod(s) have you car	ried out?		
Emails and meetings				
How are the changes/a	amendments to the p	oolicies/servi	ces communica	ted?
Emails and meetings				
What future actions ne	ed to be taken to ov	ercome any	barriers or discr	imination?
What?	Who will lead this? Date of completion Resources ne			Resources needed
Review date of EqIA	03/2024	•		



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Appendix 1: Management of Threatened Birth at Extremely Low Gestational Age





- * Caesarean section offers no benefit to the fetus <25 weeks gestation and should be performed only when indicated for the health of the mother.
- ** There are wide variations in prognosis and outcome for infants born at this gestation. The management of an infant born at this gestation should be consistent with parents' wishes. For infants without fatal congenital abnormalities, and with parents who wish resuscitation the clinician's decision to resuscitate at birth should depend on the infant's condition. Objective criteria include condition at birth, lack of bruising and presence of spontaneous respiratory efforts.





Appendix 2: Prenatal Screening Checklist

Patient Addressograph	

	Preadmission	Signature	Date
1)	Counselling		
	Paediatric referral offered:		
	Discussion points; Possibility of livebirth risk and its implications explained.		
	 Feticide may be offered if the gestation is greater than 20 weeks 		
	 Induction procedure fully explained to the patient 		
2)	FormHSA1 (Abortion Act CertificateA) completed and signed by two doctors		
3)	Drug chart completed according to regime, signed and taken to pharmacy		
4)	Inform Labour Ward of expected admission		
5)	Appointment given for administration of Mifepristone Date:		
6)	Admission arrangements made: 1. Labour Ward (at least36 hours after Mifepristone administration)		
7)	Form HSA 4(Abortion Act 1967Sept 2006) in notes for Labour Ward Consultant to complete following procedure.		
8)	All paperwork taken to Labour Ward		
9)	Does the Consultant want: a) Postmortem b) Cytogenetics c) Placenta to histology only		





Appendix 3: Checklist for Intrauterine Death, Miscarriage, Termination of Pregnancy and Neonatal Death from 18 weeks and under 24 weeks gestations

Patients telephone number please:	Patient addressograph

Firs	t Section (Admission until birth)	Signature	Date
1.	Persons to be informed		
	Consultant obstetrician (include name)on duty informed (between 9am and 5pm)		
	Name:		
	Own consultant (include name) informed as soon as appropriate.		
	Name:		
	Validate car parking using machine located in Sister's office.		
	Bereavement midwife ext. 87157(between 8.00am – 3.30pm, Mon-Friday) or mobile 07833 482243		
	Inform community midwife Name:		
	If there is a language barrier, contact the Trust interpreting services and they will arrange an interpreter- face to face, video call or telephone (By law, we should use an interpreter)		
3	Check EDD, if baby has died before 24 weeks but delivered after 24 weeks, this is not a stillbirth		
	If a termination, check the 'termination of pregnancy' Consent Form has been completed by the doctor who has prescribed the medication – midwife needs to ensure this is completed		
	If different to date of birth (i.e by scan or feticide and gestation at this time):		
	Date of death:		
	Gestation at time of death:		
		I	



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Date of Birth:	
Operation of highly (40)	
Gestation at birth: /40	
Give the woman guidance and information	
packs that are provided and inform them that	
there is information in the pack discussing postmortem and funeral advice	
positionem and funeral advice	
Pleasemake sure yougive the appropriate	
patient information leaflet i.e. If a neonatal	
death, give that leaflet	
Give them the SANDs booklet, ensuring the	
'book mark' is included	
Sook mank to moragou	
Please give the lactation choices after	
bereavement leaflet, so they can make an	
informed choice about expressing milk or not	
Please give the physio leaflet	
Maternal bloods should be taken.	
Please order 'bereavement bundle' on	
ecare – For an eCare how to guide on how	
to order a bereavement bundle, please see	
appendix 3.	
If the woman is Rhesus negative - give Anti D	
on diagnosis and also following the birth.	
Please put in batch number on diagnosis:	
Please put batch number following birth:	
MATERNAL SWABS	
If unexplained death under 24 weeks	
Chlamydia(cervicalswab -yellowswab) GBS (LVS - black swab)	
MRSA Nasal swab(black swab)	
Please make sure you use the partogram for	
all maternal observation, contractions, and	
fetal heart if applicable	
To commone the partegram you will need	
To commence the partogram you will need to input onset of labour in assessment and	
fluid balance	
Please explain the appearance the baby may	
look. i.e the skin maybe peeling	



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Second Section (Birth)	Signature	Date
Placental swabs. Maternal and fetal side for		
microbiology culture and sensitivity – Use ecare		
and send to our lab		
If a neonatal death, please complete section 4		
and 5. Just section 4 if not a neonatal death.		
Then follow checklist Give parents the opportunity to hold their baby if		
they wish		
Weigh and examine baby and record here and in		
maternal records kg		
Centile		
(Keep placenta in the baby room and send the		
same time as baby to the mortuary)		
One label to be attached to the baby through the		
cord clamp or ankles/wrists if appropriate Label		
MUST say:		
Mothers name (the label can say baby of) Mothers NHS number		
Date of birth of baby		
Was the cold cot or cold mat used. Please circle		
Was the butterfly room used? Yes or No (please		
circle) If not, what room number and why?		
Offer parents to dress the baby. If not appropriate,		
then use a knitted gown or wrap sensitively. If		
parents do		
not wish their baby to be dressed, then just wrap		
appropriately		
Cot card and labels to begiven to the parents if they		
wish		
Offer spiritual support, which may include a		
blessing of the baby. If parents would like this, they		
should be given the option of calling their own minister. Alternatively, call the Chaplain on 86061		
or Bleep 1389/1245 (9am to 4pm, Mon-Fri).		
Chaplaincy is a24/7-hour service so contact via		
switchboard out of hours		
Take photographs using the digital camera and		
print (unless parents decline).		
(kept in the baby room as a locked door)		
,		
Use a new memory card for each family so that		
they can take away. The memory card is in the		
memory box or if not wanting a memory box, spare		
memory cards are in the drawers in the baby room		
Suggest parents take their own photographs on our		
camera and their mobile phone		



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	Call Damamhar my haby (DMD) first to about	
	Call Remember my baby (RMB) first to check availability:	
	Freephone: 0808 189 2345	
	1 100phone. 0000 100 2040	
	If baby is over 20 weeks and in good condition,	
	offer 'RMB' Photography. A photographer will come	
	and take the photographs and send to the family	
	directly	
	Take foot and handprints using the ink wipe in	
	memory box	
	Offer foot casts if appropriate and ask a member of	
	staff who has had the training to do so	
	Lay the baby on an inco pad, once dressed to	
	prevent leakage and label with mother's label	
	(unless the baby has a number)	
	Complete one NVF Cremation Forms (always,	
	unless a neonatal death) Deliver the NVF form to the Chaplaincy Department	
	or email the completed form to:	
	chaplaincy@mkuh.nhs.uk	
	Please give Cabergoline 1mg (one dose only, for	
	milk suppression) unless a contra- indication i.e	
	blood pressure, before discharge, Unless	
	parents have decided to	
	express and donate their milk	
	ONLY complete this section if a neonatal	
	<u>death</u>	
	If under 22 weeks, paediatrics do not need to	
	attend but an obstetrician does as they will need to	
	complete the paperwork as have a GMC number	
	Inform Paediatricians (bleep 1631) to confirm if	
	baby is alive and then no signs of life (if a live birth	
	over 22 weeks) in order to allow them to sign the	
	death certificate.	
	The Coroner must be informed of a live birth then	
	death. Complete the form 'Coroners' kept in	
	TEAMS, Maternity Safety Huddle, under	
	Bereavement and select the coroners form.	
	Complete and save and save as a download.	
	Complete and email direct to the Coroner's office	
	(email address on the form) and bereavement	
	midwife. If having difficulties, you can write the	
	information on appendix 3 and scan to yourself on	
	the 'tap and go' printer and send to yourself and then email coroners and bereavement midwife.	
	men emaii coroners and bereavement midwile.	
	Contact Hearing Screening on Ext 87329.	
	If a neonatal death, the child health department	
	must be informed whatever gestation ASAP	
	following birth. Email them on cms.chis@nhs.net	
	(You can also contact them on 01707 396888)	
1	(11 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	



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If a neonatal death it must be certified by a paediatrician or doctor and a CAUSE of DEATH certificate completed.(Yellow medical certificate kept with the stillbirth certificates). Please scan to yourself (both sides) and email to the registry office. Keep the original copy in the notes. registrars@milton-keynes.gov.uk tracy.rea@mkuh.nhs.uk		
Please add the name of the parents and baby and a contact number so the registrars can contact the family direct and register the baby. The registry office is doing it this way because of covid.		
The grey medical certificate book (Cremation form 4) must always be filled out as well by the paediatrician or doctor. A draft is with the yellow book. Parent's to be informed that they must register the death within 5 working days.		
Please make sure you give the appropriate patient information leaflet i.e. If a neonatal death, give that leaflet		
If a livebirth – Do usual eCARE as an NHS number is required		
Ensure death is reported on RADAR if alive RADAR number birth	RADAR number:	
You MUST complete the online form as a requirement from the child death overview panel, whatever thegestation of alivebirth ASAP following birth:		
https://www.ecdop.co.uk/BLMK/Live/public		

Sec	ond Section (Birth)	Signature	Date
	If a postmortem is not required:		
	Ensure placenta and baby remain together		
	when sent to the mortuary. Place placenta		
	in a dry pot, never in formalin. Label pot,		
	not the lid		
	A) ALWAYS: please complete appendix 4,		
	'Postmortem/placenta request form for		
	histology' (last 2 pages only) for all		
	placentas. This is a mandatory requirement		
	to complete these two pages when sending		
	all placentas		
	B) White disposal form (Always)		
	C) If abnormalities noted or a consultant		
	has requested take placental tissue from		
	the cord base. See appendix 10 on where		



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to take sample from. Take membranes and lobes. Place in pink tissue medium (kept in freezer at the workstation on LW) and send with baby to the mortuary. If running low, ring 01865 226001 and ask for more to be sent to labour ward D) Complete cytogenetics form (Examples and forms from appendix 11 or in plastic filing box in the baby room under abnormalities). Please ask the birthing person to sign the consent form for cytogenetics and file in her notes. Also document on ecare. E) Register of Congenital Abnormalities form (NCARDRS) to be sent to ANNB Screening Co-ordinator if indicated (forms		
in the baby room filing cabinet)		
If Postmortem is required or requested	<u>;</u>	
Postmortem (PM) consent to be explained and gained by a Consultant Obstetrician, Obstetric Registrar, Bereavement Midwife or a Midwife if competent.		
When completing the form, please put YES or NO. Must not put ticks and crosses as Oxford will not accept the form and therefore will delay the postmortem.		
Please make sure 'Changing your mind' is completed (front page). Section 5. Don't forget to write yes or no for the placenta. This also needs to be confirmed on the last page of the post mortem/placenta request form for histology - Just above where your write your name		
Ensure placenta and baby remain together when sent to the mortuary. Place placenta in a dry pot, never in formalin. Label pot, not the lid a) Send blue histology card with placenta and membranes b) White disposal form (always send) c) Completed one Cremation Form 9 (always send) d) DO NOT take cytogenetics if the baby is having a postmortem as the pathologist will do so (Make sure you have ticked NO to 'Have you sent a sample to cytogenetics')		
Photocopies of any relevant: -		



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	(()	
1	a) Scan reports (Always)	
	b) Copy of the notes if relevant	
	Please scan and email a copy of the post	
	mortem, including histology form to:	
	caz.costar@nhs.net	
	tina.cowburn@ouh.nhs.uk	
	tracy.rea@mkuh.nhs.uk	
	It is easier to send to yourself and then	
	forward on, if you have not got the email	
	addresses on you.	
	Inform Milton Keynes University Hospital	
	Foundation Trust(MKHFT) Mortuary ext:	
	85828 that the baby will require a	
	postmortem	
	Ensure that the baby is correctly and	
	clearly labelled before leaving labour ward	
	Offer the parents the blanket that their baby	
1	has been given	
	Ensure the baby is wrapped and the face is	
	covered when going down to the mortuary	
-		
	Use CapMan to request the 'Angel Box'.	
<u> </u>	Offer a miscarriage memory box	
1	For a severe growth restricted baby, a	
1	doctor must do a referral letter for	
	thrombophilia screening for 10-12 weeks	
	post delivery. This must be done and can	
	be referred via eCARE	
	Centile <10	
	Solitile 416	
	Name of doctor responsible forsending	
	referral	
	Cancel all future consultant, dopplers and	
	ultrasound appointments (ward clerk can	
	do this, so put an address label with all_	
	relevant information in her black book. This	
1		
	is kept by the ward clerk's computer)	
	is kept by the ward clerk's computer) Ensure all births for babies included TOPs	
	Ensure all births for babies included TOPs	
	Ensure all births for babies included TOPs are completed in eCARE	
	Ensure all births for babies included TOPs are completed in eCARE Complete eCARE: Ensure pregnancy	
	Ensure all births for babies included TOPs are completed in eCARE Complete eCARE: Ensure pregnancy episode is closed and the woman is	
	Ensure all births for babies included TOPs are completed in eCARE Complete eCARE: Ensure pregnancy episode is closed and the woman is discharged to generate a GP letter	
	Ensure all births for babies included TOPs are completed in eCARE Complete eCARE: Ensure pregnancy episode is closed and the woman is	
	Ensure all births for babies included TOPs are completed in eCARE Complete eCARE: Ensure pregnancy episode is closed and the woman is discharged to generate a GP letter Taking the baby home:	
	Ensure all births for babies included TOPs are completed in eCARE Complete eCARE: Ensure pregnancy episode is closed and the woman is discharged to generate a GP letter Taking the baby home: Prior to asking the next question- check the	
	Ensure all births for babies included TOPs are completed in eCARE Complete eCARE: Ensure pregnancy episode is closed and the woman is discharged to generate a GP letter Taking the baby home: Prior to asking the next question- check the coroner has agreed with the cause of death	
	Ensure all births for babies included TOPs are completed in eCARE Complete eCARE: Ensure pregnancy episode is closed and the woman is discharged to generate a GP letter Taking the baby home: Prior to asking the next question- check the	
	Ensure all births for babies included TOPs are completed in eCARE Complete eCARE: Ensure pregnancy episode is closed and the woman is discharged to generate a GP letter Taking the baby home: Prior to asking the next question- check the coroner has agreed with the cause of death if a neonatal death	
	Ensure all births for babies included TOPs are completed in eCARE Complete eCARE: Ensure pregnancy episode is closed and the woman is discharged to generate a GP letter Taking the baby home: Prior to asking the next question- check the coroner has agreed with the cause of death	
	Ensure all births for babies included TOPs are completed in eCARE Complete eCARE: Ensure pregnancy episode is closed and the woman is discharged to generate a GP letter Taking the baby home: Prior to asking the next question- check the coroner has agreed with the cause of death if a neonatal death	
	Ensure all births for babies included TOPs are completed in eCARE Complete eCARE: Ensure pregnancy episode is closed and the woman is discharged to generate a GP letter Taking the baby home: Prior to asking the next question- check the coroner has agreed with the cause of death if a neonatal death Also, if mental health issues-sought advice from mental health professionals to ensure	
	Ensure all births for babies included TOPs are completed in eCARE Complete eCARE: Ensure pregnancy episode is closed and the woman is discharged to generate a GP letter Taking the baby home: Prior to asking the next question- check the coroner has agreed with the cause of death if a neonatal death Also, if mental health issues-sought advice from mental health professionals to ensure they get support in the community and if it	
	Ensure all births for babies included TOPs are completed in eCARE Complete eCARE: Ensure pregnancy episode is closed and the woman is discharged to generate a GP letter Taking the baby home: Prior to asking the next question- check the coroner has agreed with the cause of death if a neonatal death Also, if mental health issues-sought advice from mental health professionals to ensure	
	Ensure all births for babies included TOPs are completed in eCARE Complete eCARE: Ensure pregnancy episode is closed and the woman is discharged to generate a GP letter Taking the baby home: Prior to asking the next question- check the coroner has agreed with the cause of death if a neonatal death Also, if mental health issues-sought advice from mental health professionals to ensure they get support in the community and if it is suitable for them to take the baby home	
	Ensure all births for babies included TOPs are completed in eCARE Complete eCARE: Ensure pregnancy episode is closed and the woman is discharged to generate a GP letter Taking the baby home: Prior to asking the next question- check the coroner has agreed with the cause of death if a neonatal death Also, if mental health issues-sought advice from mental health professionals to ensure they get support in the community and if it is suitable for them to take the baby home Ask parents' if they want to take their baby	
	Ensure all births for babies included TOPs are completed in eCARE Complete eCARE: Ensure pregnancy episode is closed and the woman is discharged to generate a GP letter Taking the baby home: Prior to asking the next question- check the coroner has agreed with the cause of death if a neonatal death Also, if mental health issues-sought advice from mental health professionals to ensure they get support in the community and if it is suitable for them to take the baby home	



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box). Ensure a 1 litre bottle of sterile water is included (we can get this from theatres) and ensure the guidance leaflet is enclosed (Appendix 8) If they want to take the baby home: Tell the parents 'the purpose of using the cuddle cot is to keep the baby cool, which will help to keep their baby from deteriorating.	
The baby must always leave through the mortuary. Never elsewhere. The mortuary staff need to be contacted on 85828 and will give the family guidance on transporting the baby from the hospital to their home and back to either the hospital or funeral directors of their choice. The hospital will provide a funeral for all babies under 24 weeks unless it's a neonatal death (a live birth must be registered by Law)	
IF they are taking the baby home, Appendix 9, MUST be completed and given to the parents. The parents then take the form to the mortuary back doors to collect their baby. They will not be given their baby unless they have the release form. PLEASE see 3.4 in the guideline for guidance	
When the parents are leaving or before if appropriate— inform them their baby will go to the mortuary	

Third S	Section (Discharge)	Signature	Date
11.	If the woman is on the CONI programme,		
	please email <u>cnw-tr.0-</u>		
	19adminhub.mk@nhs.net or the health		
	visiting admin hub 01908 725100		
	When filling out the orange discharge		
	sheet for the community midwife, please		
	attach a purple history sheet		
	Ensure a copy of the discharge sheet is		
	left in the notes for the bereavement		
	midwife		
	Ensure that the woman has been		
	offered/given pain relief to take home and		
	any other relevant TTOs		
	Inform community midwife on discharge.		
	Name		
	All notes to be returned to the		
	bereavement midwife. Please leave in		
	designated place in the sister's office		



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Any other relevant information

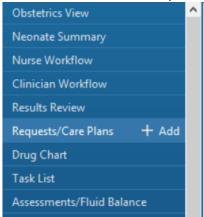
- · Sex of baby
- EBL
- SVD or C/S
- Please cross out which is not relevant ·
 - Perineum Intact
 - 1st degree
 - 2nd degree
 - 3rd degree
 - Baby observations Fresh macerated or very macerated (please circle)
 - Weight
 - Centile
 - Is this a TOP, a miscarriage or a neonatal death (cross out which is not relevant)



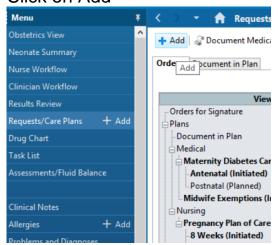


Appendix 4: Ordering Bereavement bundle bloods

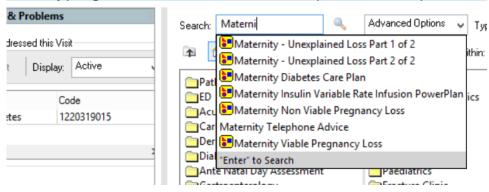
From Patient record, choose Requests/Care plans



Click on Add



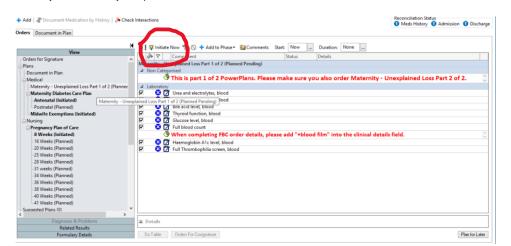
Start typing Materni and choose unexplained loss part 1 of 2



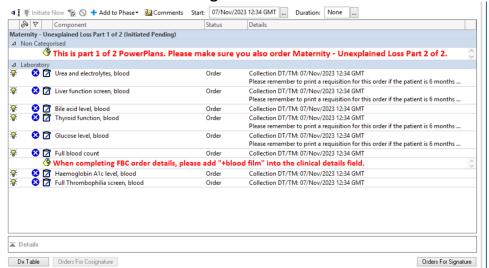
Click Initiate now



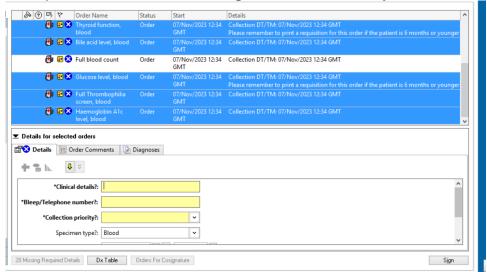




Holding Ctrl down, click on each blood test except FBC to complete universal details for all and click on orders for signature



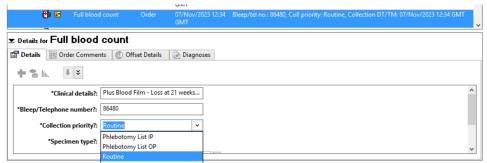
Complete all details, click sign and it will take you to next details required



When FBC comes up add Plus blood film to clinical details and continue to complete and sign

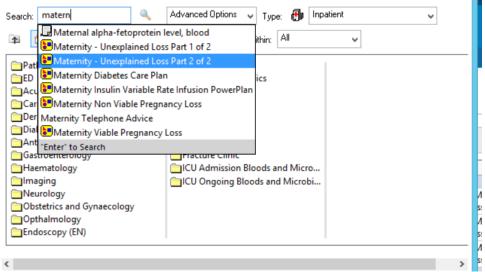




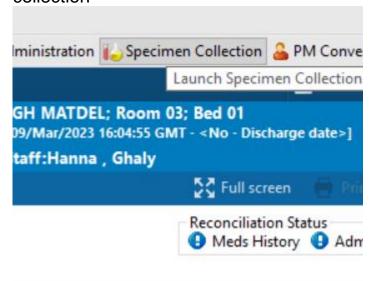


Once all been signed for refresh and go back to add to repeat and add part 2 of 2 (Don't add both at the same time as it will not let you progress after entering all the details as

maximum order set is 10 for any lab order)



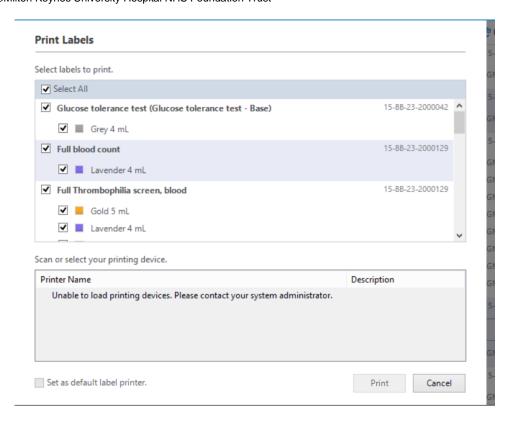
Repeat CTRL and selection, complete all details and sign as before then go to Specimen collection



Print all labels together to collect correct number of bottles, please not some tests must be in the lab within an hour of ordering or they will be rejected









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Appendix 5: Postmortem consent form

Postmortem consent form

Your wishes about the postmortem examination of your baby

Your wishes about the postmortem examination of your baby

Mother	Baby





Last name	Last name	
First name(s)	First name(s)	
Address	Date of birth	
	Date of death (if liveborn)	
Hospital no.	Hospital no.	
NHS no.	NHS no.	
Date of birth	Gender (if known)	
Consultant	Consultant	
Father/Partner with parental responsibility	Address (if different from the mother's)	
Last name		
First name(s)		
Preferred parent to contact, tel. no.:		
Other, eg, religion, language, interpreter		
How to fill in this form:		
Please show what you agree to by writing YES in the relevant boxes.		
,	concerns in the Notes to the relevant	
 Record any variations, exceptions and special concerns in the Notes to the relevant section or in Section 5. 		
Sign and date the form. The person taking consent will also sign and date it.		
NHS no. Date of birth Consultant Father/Partner with parental responsibility Last name First name(s) Preferred parent to contact, tel. no.: Other, eg, religion, language, interpreter How to fill in this form: Please show what you agree to by writing YES Write NO where you do not agree. Record any variations, exceptions and special section or in Section 5.	NHS no. Gender (if known) Consultant Address (if different from the mother's) in the relevant boxes. concerns in the Notes to the relevant	

Changing your mind		
After you sign this form, there is a sl	hort time in which you can cl	nange your mind about
anything you have agreed to.		
If you want to change your mind, yo		
[Name, department]		. [tel.]
Before [time]	on [day]	[date]

Please be assured that your baby will always be treated with care and respect.





Section 1: Your decisions about a postmortem examination select one of these 3 options.

A complete postmortem This gives you the most information. It includes an external examination, examining the internal organs, examining small samples of tissue under a microscope, and taking x-rays and medical photographs. Tests may also be done for infection and other problems and the placenta may also be examined.

placenta may also be examined.
If you think you may have another baby in the future and are worried that the problem might occur again, a complete postmortem is the best way to try to find out. I/We agree to a complete postmortem examination.
OR
A limited postmortem This is likely to give less information than a complete post mortem.
A limited postmortem includes an external examination, examining the internal organs in the area(s) of the body that you agree to, examining small samples of tissue under a microscope, and taking x-rays and medical photographs. Tests may also be done for infection and other problems and the placenta may also be examined. I/We agree to a limited postmortem examination.
Please indicate what can be examined: abdomen chest and neck head otherhead
OR
An external postmortem This may not give any new information.
An external postmortem includes a careful examination of the outside of the baby's body, x-rays and medical photographs. The placenta may also be examined. I/We agree to an external postmortem examination.
Section 2: Tissue samples Only if you consent to a complete or limited postmortem
With your agreement, the tissue samples taken for examination under a microscope will be kept as part of the medical record (in small wax blocks and on glass slides). This is so that they can be reexamined to try to find out more if new tests or new information become available. This could be especially useful if you think you may have another baby in the future. I/We agree to the tissue samples being kept as part of the medical record for possible re-examination. If consent is not given, you must note below what should be done with the tissue samples. See Section 8 Item 6 for more information.
Notes to Sections 1 and 2 if required





Section 3: Genetic testing

o examine the baby's chromosomes or DNA for a possible genetic disorder or condition, the athologist takes small samples of skin, other tissue and/or samples from the placenta (afterbirth). Vith your agreement, this material will be kept as part of the medical record so that it can be researched to try to find out more if new tests or new information become available. This could be specially useful if you think you may have another baby in the future. I/We agree to genetic testing of samples of skin, other tissue and/or the placenta. If samples should not be taken from any of these, please note this below. I/We agree to the genetic material being kept as part of the medical record for possible re-examination. See Section 8 Item 6 for more information. otes to Section 3 if required
ection 4: Keeping tissue samples for training professionals and for research
ection 4 covers additional separate consent that you may decide to give. It will not affect what you ave already agreed to above, what is done during the postmortem, or the information you get about our baby's condition, but it may be helpful for others in the future.
/ith your agreement, the tissue samples may also be examined for quality assurance and audit of athology services to ensure that high standards are maintained. I/We agree to the tissue samples being kept and used for quality assurance and audit
issue samples, medical images and other information from the postmortem can be important for aining health professionals. Identifying details are always removed when items are used for aining.
I/We agree to anonymised tissue samples, images and other relevant information from the postmortem being kept and used for professional training.
issue samples, medical images and other relevant information from the postmortem can also be seful in research into different conditions and to try to prevent more deaths in the future. All research ust be approved by a Research Ethics Committee. I/We agree to tissue samples, images and other relevant information from the post mortem being kept and used for ethically approved medical research.

You can withdraw consent for any of the above at any time in the future. To do so, please contact the hospital and ask for the histopathology department.





Section 5: Keeping one or more organs for diagnostic purposes

In most cases, all the organs will be returned to your baby's body after the post mortem examination. But occasionally the doctors may recommend keeping one or more organs for longer, to carry out further detailed examination to try to find out more about why your baby died. This might take some weeks and so could affect the timing of your baby's funeral. The person who discusses the post mortem with you will tell you if it is likely. I/We agree to further detailed examination of the organ(s) specified below: Any organ The following organ(s) If you agree to further detailed examination, you also need to decide what should be done with the organ(s) after the examination: I/We want the hospital to dispose of the organ(s) respectfully as required by law. I/We want the organ(s) returned to the funeral director we appoint for separate cremation or burial. I/We want to delay the funeral until the organ(s) have been returned to my/our baby's body. Alternatively, after the further detailed examination, you may decide to donate the organ(s) for one of the following purposes: I/We agree to donate the organ(s) to be used to train health professionals. I/We agree to donate the organ(s) to be used for ethically approved medical research. If you agree to donate one or more organ(s), they will be respectfully cremated as required by the Human Tissue Authority when they are no longer needed. If you change your mind about this donation at any time in the future, and want to withdraw your consent, please contact the hospital and ask for the histopathology department. Notes to Section 5 if required Any other requests or concerns Do you consent for disposal of the placenta after post-mortem? Yes or NO (Please circle) If no, would you like it to remain with the baby Yes or No (Please circle)





I/We have been offered w	vritten information about postmortems.
I/We understand the pos	sible benefits of a postmortem.
My/Our questions about p	postmortems have been answered.
Mother's name	Signature
Father's/Partner's name	Signature
Date	Time
Section 7: Consent taker's state	ements To be completed and signed in front of the parents.
I believe that the parent(s	formation offered to the parents. s) has/have sufficient understanding of a postmortem and s for what should be done with tissue and organs to give
I have checked the form a	ations, exceptions and special concerns. and made sure that there is no missing or conflicting information. e period within which parents can withdraw or change consent cessary information at the beginning of this form.
Name	Position/Grade
Department	Contact details (Ext/Bleep)
Signature	Time
Signature Interpreter's statement (if relevar	
Interpreter's statement (if relevan	nt) ormation about the postmortem for the parent(s) to the best of m



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STMORTEM							
DR D FOWLER	ATHOLOGY C		865) 220504		BORATORY NUI	FOR LABORATORY USE MBER:	
DR CM BOWKE	R	(01	865) 222022		E DECEIVED.		
SECRETARY MORTUARY OF	FICER		865) 221246 865) 220495		TE RECEIVED: THOLOGIST:		
LABORATORY			865) 220492		TES:		
AUTOPSY REF	ERRALS – BEF	ORESE	NDING THE	:			
CASE ALWAYS FOREWARN U	CONTACT THI	E DEPAF	RTMENT TO				
INFORMATION.		ANY II	WPORTANT				
		PLE	ASE REMEN	MBER TO INCLU	DE THE PLACE	NTA!	
				MOTHER'S DI	ETAILS		
HOSPITAL I	NO				ADDRESS) 	
NAME							
PREV SURNAME					CONSULTANT		
D.C).B)	
	ИΡ					-	
	DD						
	MEN / REQUES				RELEVANT CL	INICAL DETAILS AND HIS	TORY
IS THE REQUEST	_		F:				
	N/FOETAL DEA	ATH?					
☐ A NEONATAL	./INFANT DEA	TH?					
☐ THE PLACEN	TA ONLY?						
OTHER:							
DATE:							
			F	PAST OBSTETRIC	C HISTORY		
YEAR	PLACE	SEX	WEIGHT	GESTATION	DELIVERY	COMPLICATIONS	OUTCOME
			<u>:</u>				
							<u> </u>
HAVE YOU SEN	TA SAMDLE TO						
CYTOGE				COM	IPLICATIONS IN	N PRESENT PREGNANCY	
☐ YES			THREATE	ENED ABORTION	l Y/N	GROWTH R	ESTRICTION Y/N
□ NO				HYPERTENSION	I Y/N	OTHER (DETAI	ILS BELOW) Y/N
			РО	LYHYDRAMNIOS	Y/N		
			OLIC	GOHYDRAMNIOS	Y/N		
				APH			
				MARY OF PRESE	ENT DELIVERY		
(SUMMARY OF CO	MPLICATIONS,	DELIVE	RY ETC):			DATI	E TIME
						(if applicable) NE RUPTURE	
						1ST STAGE	
						2ND STAGE	
						DELIVERY	
						DELIVER I	

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	BABY / FOETUS
If having a post mortem, give the baby's name: (Same as front page). Complete as much as possible NAME (if given)	HOSPITAL NO (if applicable)
GENDER (if known)	PAEDIATRICIAN (if applicable)
DOB	ESTIMATED DATE OF DEATH
WEIGHT AT DELIVERY	
GESTATION AND/OR AGE	FATHER'S NAME (if different)
APPEARANCE	PROVISIONAL DIAGNOSES
BABY / FOETUS / PLACENTA FRESH MACERATED VERY MACERATED	
QUESTIONS FOR THE PATHOLOGIST	PLEASE INCLUDE:
401011011011011111111111111111111111111	COPIES OF THE ULTRASOUND SCAN REPORTS
	COPIES OF ALL GENETICS RESULTS
	THE PLACENTA
	POST MORTEM CONSENT FORM
PLEASE GIVE DETAILS OF <u>ANY</u> ABNORMALITIES (an	nd/or attach copies of the prenatal diagnosis scan / genetics reports)
EO	D NEONATAL DEATHS ONLY
NEONATAL COURSE: Brief summary of the neonatal or	ourse DEATH CERTIFICATE (clinical cause of death)
Do the parents agree to disposal of the placental for IUD /	tissue as per Oxford University Hospital protocol? Yes/ N0 (please circle) S/BIRTH, Neonatal deaths & TOP's
CONTACT DETAILS OF	MEMBER OF STAFF COMPLETING THIS FORM
NAME	DATE
SIGNATURE	
TELEPHONE NO	

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Section 8: Notes for the consent taker

- 1. "Anyone seeking consent for hospital PM examinations should have relevant experience and a good understanding of the procedure. They should have been trained in dealing with bereavement and in the purpose and procedures of PM examinations and they should have witnessed a PM examination" (Human Tissue Authority, Code of Practice 3, 2009).
- 2. Written information about postmortems should be offered to all parents before you discuss the form with them.
- 3. If the parents have a specific request that you are not sure about, contact the pathologist before the form is completed.
- 4. Make sure that an appropriate time and date are entered in the Changing your mind section at the beginning of the form, and the parent(s) understand what to do if they change their minds. The postmortem should not begin unless this section is completed. It is your responsibility to ensure that, if the parent(s) change their minds, they will be able to contact the person or department entered on this form. If the parents do not want a copy of the form, they should still be given written information about changing their minds.
- 5. Write the mother's or the baby's hospital number in the box at the foot of each page of the form. For a baby who was born dead at any gestation use the mother's hospital number; for a baby who was born alive use the baby's hospital number.
- 6. **Sections 2 and 3: Tissue samples and genetic material** If the parents do not want tissue samples or genetic material kept as part of the medical record, explain the different options for disposal (below) and note their decisions in the relevant section.
 - If disposal is requested, it will usually take place only after the full postmortem report has been completed. The options are disposal by a specialist hospital contractor; release to a funeral director of the parents' choice for burial; or release to the parents themselves. For health and safety reasons, blocks and slides cannot be cremated. Genetic material is normally incinerated.
- 7. Send the completed form to the relevant pathology department, offer a copy to the parent(s), and put a copy into the mother's (for a stillbirth or miscarriage) or the baby's (for a neonatal death) medical record.
- 8. Record in the clinical notes that a discussion about the postmortem examination has taken place, the outcome, and any additional important information.
- 9. **Possible further examination of one or more organs** Very rarely, it may be recommended that an organ is kept for more detailed examination after the baby is released from the mortuary. In this case, the form *Consent to further examination of organs for diagnostic purposes* should be completed, as well as this form.
 - If you already know that this is recommended, discuss it with the parents and also explain how it might affect funeral arrangements. If they consent, complete the form Consent to further examination of organs for diagnostic purposes now, and staple the two forms together. Record the consent in the Notes to Sections 1 and 2 on this form.
 - If the pathologist recommends further examination after the postmortem has begun, they will contact you or the unit. The parents should then be contacted as soon as possible to discuss their wishes and to explain how keeping the organ might affect funeral arrangements. If they consent, the form Consent to further examination of organs for diagnostic purposes should be completed and copies distributed as above. A note should be added to the medical record that consent was given, including how it was given (face-to-face, email, fax etc).

Appendix 6: Maternity Bereavement discharge form

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Maternity Bereavement discharge form

Please ensure all information is complete before discharge to community midwife.

To be completed by delivering midwife:

Sticker and confirm add	dress:	Telephone numbe	rs:
		Partners name:	
Medical centre:		Bereavement	
Wodiodi Goriti G.		Care	
Community Midwife:		Postmortem	
		Y or N	
Important information:		Date and time of birth	
		Parity	
		Type of birth	
		EBL	
		Anti D given	Y or N
		Name of baby	
		Sex	
		Weight	
		Gestation	
		Centile	
To be completed by hospital disc	harge midwife:		1
Date and time of discharge			
No days on discharge:	<u>go.</u>		
Discharged by:			
	aiduifa.		
To be completed by community n Date No Initials		sit	
for days visit:			

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midwife:

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Date for	No days	Initials	Comments/Reason for visit	
visit:	days			
from	: uisuliaiye : communi	tv	by:	
Date	mpleted by core discharge communi	ed	dwife: Discharged by:	

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Appendix 7: NVF Form

FOR BURIAL OR CREMATION CERTIFICATE OF MEDICAL PRACTITIONER OR MIDWIFE IN RESPECT OF NON-VIABLE FOETUS

I HEREBY CERTIFY that I h	nave examined the non-viable foetus.
Of	
Address	
Delivered on	
Gestation	
Which was less than twenty	four weeks gestation.
NAME (IN BLOCK CAPITAL	_S)
(signature)	
Address	
Date	Registered qualifications
FORM F	
	AUTHORITY TO CREMATE (to be completed by the Crematorium team only)
Whereas application has be fetus.	en made for the Cremation of the remains of the above-described non- viable
	d myself that all the requirements of the Cremation Acts, 1902 and 1952 and of rsuance of those Acts, have been complied with, and that there exists no reason amination.
I hereby authorize the Supe	rintendent of the Crownhill Crematorium to cremate the said
Date:	Signature:
	Medical Referee to the Crownhill Crematorium

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write the attached form and scan an email to yourself and then forward to coroners.office@milton-keynes.gov.uk. Please copy tracy.rea@mkuh.nhs.uk so we get a response straight away.

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Appendix 8: Neonatal Death under 24 weeks: Referral to Coroner



Neonatal Death Referral to Coroner

Please complete and email to coroners.office@milton-keynes.gov.uk

Name of person referring neonatal death	
If a termination of pregnancy, please state this here	
(please include contact number)	
Date and time referred	

Section 1: Please complete for Neonatal Death – At any stage in pregnance

Please complete for Nec	onatai Death - At a	any stage in pregnancy		
Mother's name and		Sex	Male	
date of birth		(delete as appropriate)		
			Female	
Father's name and				
date of birth		Contact number for	Parent	

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Date and time of birth
Date and time of death
APGAR Scores
Hospital no
Place of death (ward)
Parents home Address

Appendix 9: Cuddle cot guide

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- 1. Place **silver insulation mat under** cooling pad (shiny side up) in moses basket/cot (Ensure the mat hoses are not twisted and fit through the holes in the basket if it has them) **cover with thin sheet**.
- 2. Plug unit in and place on a **stable surface** allowing space around unit during colling. 3.

Connect Hose to unit and mat.

- 4. Open Filler Cap (blue cap) on top of the unit and put 2x drops of the biocide into the unit.
- 5. Fill the unit with **sterile water** for irrigation, **slowly and carefully** fill to near the top of viewing window on side of unit. **Replace Filler Cap**.
- 6. Switch on unit by pressing on/off button on the top of the unit. The mat will fill. 7.

Watch viewing window and keep over half full throughout use.

8. **Press 'c/f'** button on the top of unit to set temperature (**8'C/46'F**) press up/down arrow buttons to do this. Then press **Enter button** to confirm temperature set.

The unit can take up to 45 minutes to reach the temperature set!

- 1. Switch off unit (press on/off button) **DO NOT** unplug until the fan stops. 2. Disconnect mat from the hose by pressing **release clips**.
- 3. Clean mat with **sterile wipes**
- 4. Disconnect hose from unit by pressing button **under unit** and **gently** pulling hose.

Drain both hose and unit using drainage key. (insert key and press valves to empty water over sink.)

Ensure all equipment i.e unit with filler cap, both cooling mats, foils, Biocide, and drainage key are returned to the box prior to storage.

Appendix 10: Release Form

Form for parents who wish to take their baby home

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This is to	confirm that (name(s) of parent(s))
of (addres	ss),
OOB of bal	by
	RN number
Have ch	osen to take their baby's body from Milton Keynes University Hospital
	■/We, the parent(s), hereby take full responsibility for our baby whilst they are in our care. We will (tick as appropriate):
	return our baby to the hospital on (date)
	our own funeral arrangements.
	Parent(s) Name(s) (please print):
	SignatureSignature
	Date
	In case of need or concern please contact the mortuary telephone: 01908 995258

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Mortuary only

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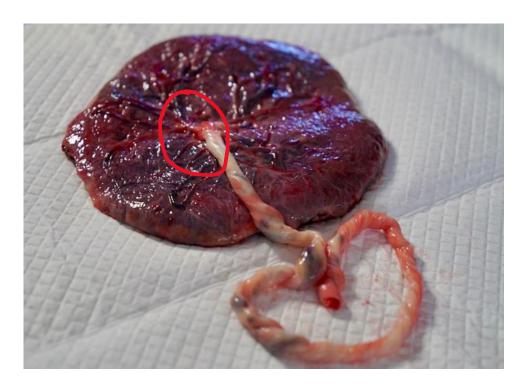
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University	Н
NHS Four	nda

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	0
	n
	Name of staff member (please print):
	Signature: Date:
	Name of person collecting baby (please print):
-	Sig nature:

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Appendix 11: How to take cytogenetics



- Cut into the placenta as near to the cord as possible. Take a piece, including maternal (lobes) and fetal (membranes). Take as big a piece as possible to fit into the pink tissue medium.
- Pink tissue medium is kept in the freezer on labour ward at the midwives workstation. Let it thaw for ½ hour.
- Stick maternal label on it and complete the 'Oxford regional genetic laboratories test requests' form (Kept in the filing box on ward 21B-(check the quick-look guide) and send to the pathology department.
 Put sample and form into a plastic bag (blood sample bag). Make sure the address of Churchills is visible in the bag.
- Send ideally before midday as a courier goes to Oxford daily.

Appendix 11: Cytogenetics form EXAMPLE

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OXFORD REGIONAL GENETICS LABORATORIES TEST REQUEST Please PRINT clearly in black ball point pen as this form will be scanned REFERRER DETAILS PATIENT DETAILS (Printed label if available) Consultant / Clinician: NAME First name(s): Milton Keynes University Hospital Date of birth: Standing vion, foulestine MK654D NHS number: Hospital number Email: (PTO for more information) 01908-640033 Ethnic Origin: MUST PULL Address: Contact Name: Case / Family number: Additional copies to NHS | Private Postcode: CLINICAL DETAILS AND FAMILY HISTORY card. Where appropriate identify other family members that may be known to the lab with their full name As much information as you can give for what reason example - MISSED MISCAWinge at 20140, Size of 16/40 Is the patient or their partner pregnant?

If YES: gestation at sampling by scan?

Patient wishes to know fetal sex? Is the patient or their partner pregnant? parents want 10 KM For infertility referrals please give partner's name and DOB: PLAK Stafe'd If this case has been discussed with the Clinical Genetics department, please give name of contact in Genetics: Sex of their HIGH RISK SAMPLES: If as Sample requirements - further details available from our web-site: www.ouh.nhs.uk/geneticslab For Chromosome analysis, Fluorescence in situ hybridization (FISH): Blood in LITHIUM HEPARIN (1-5ml) (Tick box if requested) For Gene sequencing, specific mutation tests, dosage, array CGH: Blo
N.B. For FRAX testing please send blood in both EDTA and lithium heparin (Tick box if requested) Blood in EDTA (1-5ml) Amniotic fluid / CVS / Fetal blood Volume (if appropriate) N.B. If molecular testing is requested, a maternal blood sample in EDTA should also be sent. Has this patient had a recent blood transfusion or ever had a bone marrow transplant? Yes / No - if yes give details below Date sample taken: Other (Please state) (acenta Name of person taking sample: TEST(S) REQUESTED - please read consent information overleaf If asked to take a ferry Sample posse ensure parents are aware and documented on ecare/Consent form For Lab Use FISH/QFPCR: Date of receipt: Condition/Volume:

Referral Code:

Source material:

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Related Nos:

DNA location:

Duty Scientist:

Array CGH Referral code:

50

Lab ID:

Activation Date:

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CONSENT:

This submitting this sample the clinician confirms that informed consent has been obtained for (a) storage and testing (current and future testing as this becomes available) (b) the use of this sample and the information generated from it to be shared with members of the donor's family and their health professionals (if appropriate).

If specific consent to any of the above is not given please provide details below.

The patient should be advised that the sample may be used anonymously for quality assurance, training and research purposes.

In complying with the Human Tissue Act 2004 all surplus tissue samples are discarded once DNA/RNA has been extracted.

Please be aware that anonymised genomic and clinical data may be shared within and beyond the NHS for diagnostic and research purposes

Electronic Reporting via Email:

The Oxford Genetics Laboratories are now offering the option to receive reports by Email. If you would like to receive future reports via this method please provide your email address in the referrer details section (NHS.net email preferred). To set this up, the laboratory will contact you with further information.

Laboratory contact details:

General Enquiries Tel: +44 (0)1865 226001

Duty scientist e-mail: orh-tr.dutyscientist.oxfordgen@nhs.net

Opening hours: 9.00am - 5.00pm Monday - Friday (excluding bank holidays)
Put maternal shoker on pink to see medium bottle Ckeptin freezer on Labour wards work station -Place in a 'blood bottle bag' and stick onto this form Sample dispatch:

Send samples at room temperature by 1st class post or courier to: Oxford Regional Genetics Laboratories (For other samples please enquire or consult web-site)

Churchill Hospital

make Sure this address is in View for the courier

Churchill Hospital

Old Road Headington Oxford OX3 7LE UK

N.B. Samples for chromosome analysis should be sent to arrive at the laboratory within 24

Take to pathology- Samples go by Courier Week days until Ipm

For further information about sample requirements and tests available see: www.ouh.nhs.uk/geneticslab

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Appendix 12: Blank Cytogenetics form (oxford regional genetics laboratories test request)

Oxford Regional Genetics Laboratories Oxford University Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust The Churchill Hospital Oxford OX3 7LE Admin office: 01865 226001

Email: orh-tr.dutyscientist.oxfordgen@nhs.net



PATIENT DETAILS (F	Printed label if available)	REFERRER DETAILS					
Family name:		Consultant / Clinician:	Job Title:				
First name(s):		Hospital address:					
Date of birth:							
NHS number:	Sex: M F U						
Hospital number:		Email:	Tel No:				
Address:	Ethnic Origin:	(PTO for more information)					
	Case / Family number:	Contact Name: (if different)					
Postcode:	NHS Private Please supply the name and address for invoicing	Additional copies to:					
Is the patient or their part	Is the patient or their partner pregnant? If YES: gestation at sampling by scan?						
to the patient of their part	To program.	amping by court.					
For infertility referrals pleas	se give partner's name and DOB:						
If this case has been discussed with the Clinical Genetics department, please give name of contact in Genetics:							
HIGH RISK SAMPLES: If a specimen is known to present an infection hazard it must be clearly labelled 'DANGER OF INFECTION' and the infection hazard stated.							
<u>Sample requirements</u> – further details available from our web-site: <u>www.ouh.nhs.uk/geneticslab</u>							
For Chromosome analysis, Flu	uorescence In Situ Hybridization (FISH): Blood i	n LITHIUM HEPARIN (1-5ml)	(Tick box if requested)				
	mutation tests, dosage, SNP array: Blood in El send blood in both EDTA and lithium heparin	DTA (1-5ml)	(Tick box if requested)				
Has this patient had a rec	cent blood transfusion or ever had a bone	e marrow transplant?	if yes give details below				
Other (Please state) Date sample taken: Name of person taking sample:							
	taken: Na	me of person taking sample.					
TEST(S) REQUEST	TED – please read consent information over						
TEST(S) REQUEST	TED – please read consent information over						

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CONSENT:

In submitting this sample the clinician confirms that informed consent has been obtained for (a) storage and testing (current and future testing as this becomes available) (b) the use of this sample and the information generated from it to be shared with members of the donor's family and their health professionals (if appropriate).

If specific consent to any of the above is not given please provide details below.

The patient should be advised that the sample may be used anonymously for quality assurance, training and research purposes.

Further Information:

In complying with the Human Tissue Act 2004 all surplus tissue samples are discarded once DNA/RNA has been extracted. Please be aware that anonymised genomic and clinical data may be shared within and beyond the NHS for diagnostic and research purposes.

Electronic Reporting via Email:

The Oxford Genetics Laboratories are now offering the option to receive reports by Email. If you would like to receive future reports via this method please provide your email address in the referrer details section (NHS.net email preferred). To set this up, the laboratory will contact you with further information.

Laboratory contact details:

General Enquiries Tel: +44 (0)1865 226001

Duty scientist e-mail: orh-tr.dutyscientist.oxfordgen@nhs.net

Opening hours: 9.00am – 5.00pm Monday – Friday (excluding bank holidays)

The following link can be used to access the latest version of this form: Oxford Genetics Laboratories joint referral form (ouh.nhs.uk)

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Appendix 13: Cytogenetics / karyotyping consent form EXAMPLE

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Oxford University Hospitals

NHS Trust

CONSENT FORM FOR GENETIC TESTING AND

OXFORD CENTRE FOR GENOMIC MEDICINE lding entre 7HE

TORAGE OF GENETIC MATERIAL	ACE built Nuffield Orthopaedic Ce Oxford OX3
I consent to my/my child's sample being tested for: (*Please delete as appropriate)	
Krocka L. Oina	
	960 A0000000000 4
I understand that the results of a genetic test may have implications be for other members of that person's family.	oth for the person being tested and
I give consent for my results/sample to be used, if appropriate, to bene	fit other members of my family.
I understand that I can withdraw from the testing procedure at any time health care.	without it having any effect on my
I understand that normal laboratory practice is to store the DNA extract the current testing is complete. This is because in the future (months of available.	ted from a blood sample even after r years) further tests may become
I would like to be contacted before further diagstored sample if new tests become available.	gnostic tests are done on the
OR I am happy for further diagnostic tests on the s undertaken without being contacted. (discuss times)	
I understand that occasionally leftover samples may be useful in setting sample might be used as a 'quality control' for other testing.	g up laboratory techniques and my
I understand a copy of my results will usually be sent to my GP.	
Other specific issues discussed as part of this consent. (document where a	appropriate)
_	
Affix sticky label or fill in details	ATT DATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PA
Patient Name:	
Patient Address:	
Date of Birth: Case number	:
Patient/Parent SignatureX	
Name of ParentX	
Consent taken by (clinician's name)	
SignatureDate	
Oxford g	genetic testing consent form 15/9/2010

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Appendix 14: Blank Cytogenetics / karyotyping consent form

Oxford University Hospitals NHS

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CONSENT FORM FOR GENETIC TESTING AND STORAGE OF GENETIC MATERIAL

OXFORD CENTRE FOR GENOMIC

MEDICINE

ACE building,

Nuffield Orthopaedic Centre

Oxford OX3 7HE

I consent to my/my child's sample being tested for: (*Please delete as appropriate)
(test to be undertaken)
I understand that the results of a genetic test may have implications both for the person being tested and for other members of that person's family.
I give consent for my results/sample to be used, if appropriate, to benefit other members of my family.
I understand that I can withdraw from the testing procedure at any time without it having any effect on my health care.
I understand that normal laboratory practice is to store the DNA extracted from a blood sample even after the current testing is complete. This is because in the future (months or years) further tests may become available.
I would like to be contacted before further diagnostic tests are done on the stored sample if new tests become available.
OR I am happy for further diagnostic tests on the stored sample to be undertaken without being contacted. (discuss time interval)
I understand that occasionally leftover samples may be useful in setting up laboratory techniques and my sample might be used as a 'quality control' for other testing.
I understand a copy of my results will usually be sent to my GP.
Other specific issues discussed as part of this consent. (document where appropriate)
Affix sticky label or fill in details
Patient Name:
Patient Address:
Date of Birth: Case number:
Patient/Parent Signature
Name of Parent
Consent taken by (clinician's name)
SignatureDate/

Oxford genetic testing consent form 15/9/2010

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RMB_09_CONSENT_FORM 2019

Appendix 16: Consent to take photographs form



For more information about how we process personal data please see our Privacy Policy at http://www.remembermybaby.org.uk/remember-my-baby-privacy-policy/

CONSENT TO TAKE PHOTOGRAPHS

I/we, as parent(s), have requested Remember My Baby (RMB), a registered charity, to provide me/us with a photographic keepsake of my/our child.

I/we understand this is a gift, and will accept it as such. I/we agree to the Volunteer Photographer named below taking photographs.

I/we understand that the hospital is not affiliated with either the Volunteer Photographer or with RMB.

I/we understand the Volunteer Photographer grants permission for personal usage of the digital images. (Personal usage means any use that is personal and not for profit.)

SESSION DATE:	HOSPITAL/HOSPICE/OTHER ST	AFF MEMBER:
HOSPITAL/HOSPICE	FULL NAME:	
BABY'S NAME(S):		DOB:
PARENT NAME:1) Bir	th Mother:	DOB:
PARENT NAME:2) Par	rtner/Spouse:	
ADDRESS:		
EMAIL:		
SIGNATURES	1)	Date:
INDICATING		
<u>CONSENT</u>	2)[Date:
4	ADDITIONAL CONSENT FOR USE OF	IMAGES
I/we permit the images of my/	our child to be used by RMB for raising a	wareness of RMB's service, education and . No other use is permitted.
	GE USE CONSENT: please sign here	
I/we permit the images of my/	our child to be used by RMB to promote	RMB's service online (eg website, Facebook, onferences), and on other printed materials.
	USE CONSENT: please sign here	
	s of my/our child to be used by RMB.	
Your RMB	NAME:	
Photographer's	PHONE:	
Details	EMAIL:	
20110	SIGNATURE:	
	9 2345 email: info@remembermybaby.org.uk W	
Re Re	gistered Office: Remember My Baby, 16 Quarn Driv gistered Charity No. 1159657 (England & Wales) St © Remember My Baby 2019	e, Derby DE22 2NQ 2045442 (Scotland)

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Appendix 17: Example PM consent form

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Appendix 4: Postmortem consent form

Sands and the Human Tissue Authority (2013) Post mortem consent form: your wishes about the post mortem examination of your baby incorporating Sands and the Human Tissue Authority (2013) Optional section on retaining organs for the Sands Post mortem consent form.

Postmortem consent form

Your wishes about the postmortem examination of your baby

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complete even box

Your wishes about the postmortem examination of your baby

Mother	Baby
Last name	Last name
First name(s)	First name(s)
First name(s) Address	Date of birth
7	Date of death (if liveborn)
Hospital no.	Hospital no.
NHS no.	NHS no.
Date of birth	Gender (if known)
Consultant	Consultant
Father/Partner with parental responsibility	Address (if different from the mother's)
Last name	
First name(s)	
Preferred parent to contact, tel. no.: Please	ger a current Phone number
Other, eg, religion, language, interpreter	'u au
 How to fill in this form: Please show what you agree to by writing YES Write NO where you do not agree. Record any variations, exceptions and special section or in Section 5. Sign and date the form. The person taking core 	concerns in the Notes to the relevant

Changing your mind

After you sign this form, there is a short time in which you can change your mind about anything you

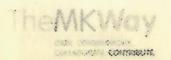
have agreed to.

If they deliver late, they should have at least 24 hrs to Cha Please be assured that your baby will always be treated with care and respect.

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Section 1: Your decisions about a postmortem examination select one of these 3 options.

A complete postmortem This gives you the most information. It includes an external examination, examining the internal organs, examining small samples of tissue under a microscope, and taking x-rays and medical photographs. Tests may also be done for infection and other problems and the placenta may also be examined.

If you think you may have another baby in the future and are worried that the problem might occur again, a complete postmortem is the best way to try to find out.

Yes I/We agree to a complete postmortem examination.

OR

A limited postmortem This is likely to give less information than a complete post mortem.

^ limited postmortem includes an external examination, examining the internal organs in the area(s) of the body ...at you agree to, examining small samples of tissue under a microscope, and taking x-rays and medical photographs. Tests may also be done for infection and other problems and the placenta may also be examined.

NO		dicate what can be examined:	ildion.	
No	abdomen	chest and neck	head	other

OR

An external postmortem This may not give any new information.

An external postmortem includes a careful examination of the outside of the baby's body, x-rays and medical photographs. The placenta may also be examined.

NO I/We agree to an external postmortem examination.

ection 2: Tissue samples Only if you consent to a complete or limited postmortem

With your agreement, the tissue samples taken for examination under a microscope will be kept as part of the medical record (in small wax blocks and on glass slides). This is so that they can be re-examined to try to find out more if new tests or new information become available. This could be especially useful if you think you may have another baby in the future.

re-examination. If consent is not given, you must note below what should be done with the tissue samples. See Section 8 Item 6 for more information.

Notes to Sections 1 and 2 if required	If they Say	no in Section	2, do They
in lant the blocks ar	y slides to s	tau in Oxford	or returned
with their bab	1 OF dis Doing	1 0	
-	, or arehord	a Ot	

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Section 3: Genetic testing

To examine the baby's chromosomes or DNA for a possible genetic disorder or condition, the pathologist takes small samples of skin, other tissue and/or samples from the placenta (afterbirth). With your agreement, this material will be kept as part of the medical record so that it can be re-examined to try to find out more if new tests or new information become available. This could be especially useful if you think you may have another baby in the future.

4es	If samples should not be taken from any of these, please note this below.
Yes	I/We agree to the genetic material being kept as part of the medical record for possible re-examination. See Section 8 Item 6 for more information.
Notes to	Section 3 if required

Section 4: Keeping tissue samples for training professionals and for research

Section 4 covers additional separate consent that you may decide to give. It will not affect what you have already agreed to above, what is done during the postmortem, or the information you get about your baby's condition, but it may be helpful for others in the future.

With your agreement, the tissue samples may also be examined for quality assurance and audit of pathology services to ensure that high standards are maintained.

Tissue samples, medical images and other information from the postmortem can be important for training health

professionals. Identifying details are always removed when items are used for training.

Grant Live agree to anonymised tissue samples, images and other relevant information from the

Tissue samples, medical images and other relevant information from the postmortem can also be useful in research into different conditions and to try to prevent more deaths in the future. All research must be approved by

a Research Ethics Committee.

US agree to tissue samples, images and other relevant information from the post mortem being kept and used for ethically approved medical research.

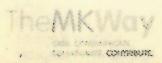
postmortem being kept and used for professional training.

You can withdraw consent for any of the above at any time in the future. To do so, please contact the hospital and ask for the histopathology department.

They can say no

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Section 5: Keeping one or more organs for diagnostic purposes
In most cases, all the organs will be returned to your baby's body after the post mortem examination. But occasionally the doctors may recommend keeping one or more organs for longer, to carry out further detailed examination to try to find out more about why your baby died. This might take some weeks and so could affect the timing of your baby's funeral. The person who discusses the post mortem with you will tell you if it is likely.
Yes I/We agree to further detailed examination of the organ(s) specified below:
The following organ(s). Unless we know the Most likely cause we should encourage any organ
If you agree to further detailed examination, you also need to decide what should be done with the organ(s) after the examination:
I/We want the hospital to dispose of the organ(s) respectfully as required by law.
I/We want the organ(s) returned to the funeral director we appoint for separate cremation or burial.
We want to delay the funeral until the organ(s) have been returned to my/our baby's body.
Alternatively, after the further detailed examination, you may decide to donate the organ(s) for one of the following
purposes:
I/We agree to donate the organ(s) to be used to train health professionals.
I/We agree to donate the organ(s) to be used for ethically approved medical research.
If you agree to donate one or more organ(s), they will be respectfully cremated as required by the Human Tissue Authority when they are no longer needed.
If you change your mind about this donation at any time in the future, and want to withdraw your consent, please content the hospital and ask for the histopathology department.
Notes to Section 5 if required
Any other requests or concerns
Do you consent for disposal of the placenta after post-mortem? Yes or NO (Please circle)

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If no, would you like it to remain with the baby Yes or No (Please circle)



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Section 6: Parental consent	100
We have been offered written information about postmortems. Parents Showed this file understand the possible benefits of a postmortem.	Diame to
offered this t	
	^ `.
My/Our questions about postmortems have been answered. > Dont always	find a
course 50/5	0.
Mother's name Signature	
Father's/Partner's name Signature Signature	
onsent from the partner isn't available, you can take consent from the	2 mother
Section 7: Consent taker's statements To be completed and signed in front of the parent	S.
have read the written information offered to the parents.	
Delieve that the parent(s) has/have sufficient understanding of a postmortem and (if	
applicable) the options for what should be done with tissue and organs to give valid consent.	
Thave recorded any variations, exceptions and special concerns.	
Tes Thave checked the form and made sure that there is no missing or conflicting information.	
Thave explained the time period within which parents can withdraw or change consent and he entered the necessary information at the beginning of this form.	ave
Chercus and necessary morniation at the beginning of the form	
Name	
Department Makeynity Contact details (Ext/Bleep)	
Department (Exubicep))
Signature Date Time)
·	
Interpreter's statement (if relevant)	
I have interpreted the information about the postmortem for the parent(s) to the best of my I believe that they understand it. Name Contact details	ability and
if using on with	
Name Contact details	
Signature DateTime	
Signature DateTime	

Mis form has to be completed

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	DR CM BOWKE	State of the state		1865) 22202		LABORATOR	I NUMBER.	
-	SECRETARY-			1865) 22124		-DATE RECEIV		
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	LABORATORT		(0	1000) 22049.	4	NOTES:		
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	YEAR HAVE YOU SENT CYTOGE YES	PLACE A SAMPLE TO		THREATE	COINED ABORTION HYPERTENSION LYHYDRAMNIOS	MPLICATIONS IN Y/N Y/N Y/N Y/N Y/N Y/N	N PRESENT PREGNANCY GROWTH RE	STRICTION (Y)N
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