



Standing Way Eaglestone Milton Keynes MK6 5LD 01908 660033 www.mkuh.nhs.uk

Request under Freedom of Information Act 2000

Thank you for your request for information which we received on 12 October 2018.

I am pleased to confirm the following.

• The total figure for Milton Keynes University Hospital NHS Foundation Trust spending on treatment for pelvic organ prolapse for the last available fiscal year.

£592,410

Please note this figure includes spending on the following:-

| ICD-10 Code | Description. ICD-10 Codes and Labels are maintained by the World Health Organisation. |
|----------------|---|
| K622 | Anal prolapse |
| K623 | Rectal prolapse |
| N363 | Prolapsed urethral mucosa |
| N812 | Incomplete uterovaginal prolapse |
| N813 | Complete uterovaginal prolapse |
| N814 | Uterovaginal prolapse, unspecified |
| N818 | Other female genital prolapse |
| N819 | Female genital prolapse, unspecified |
| N834 | Prolapse and hernia of ovary and fallopian tube |
| N993 | Prolapse of vaginal vault after hysterectomy |

• The number of males and females that were admitted to hospitals under Milton Keynes University Hospital NHS Foundation Trust as a result of pelvic organ prolapse between 01 April 2017 and 01 April 2018.

Male – 19 Female – 193

• The total number of pelvic organ prolapse surgeries that were performed between 01 April 2017 and 01 April 2018.

Female – 141

• The total number of patients who were recommended pelvic floor muscle training as treatment for their pelvic organ prolapse between 01 April 2017 and 01 April 2018.

The Trust does not record this information

As a teaching hospital, we conduct education and research to improve healthcare for our patients. During your visit students may be involved in your care, or you may be asked to participate in a clinical trial. Please speak to your doctor or nurse if you have any concerns.

• How many hysterectomies were performed under the Milton Keynes University Hospital NHS Foundation Trust between 01 April 2017 and 01 April 2018? Please could you also provide the top 5 causes of these hysterectomies and their contributing percentage to the total figure.

Female - 159

| N812: Incomplete uterovaginal prolapse | |
|--|--------|
| N814: Uterovaginal prolapse, unspecified | 10.69% |
| D259: Leiomyoma of uterus, unspecified | 10.06% |
| N800: Endometriosis of uterus | |
| N920: Excessive and frequent menstruation with regular cycle | |
| C541: Malignant neoplasm: Endometrium | 8.81% |

Please note the figures included are all the inpatients discharged from MKUH between the 1st April 2017 and the 31st March 2018, and were admitted for the following conditions/procedures

- Patients admitted with pelvic organ prolapses.
- Patients that had surgeries for pelvic organ prolapse.
- Patients that had Hysterectomies.

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If you are unhappy with the information received in response to this request, please address your complaint to the Patient Affairs Office at Milton Keynes Hospital NHS Foundation Trust, Standing Way, Eaglestone, Milton Keynes MK6 5LD. If, after exhausting our internal process, you are still unhappy with the information received, you may write to the Information Commissioner's Office, Wycliffe House, Water Lane, Wilmslow, Cheshire SK9 5AF.

If you need any further assistance, please do not hesitate to contact us at the address above.

Yours sincerely,

Freedom Of Information Co-ordinator For and on behalf of Milton Keynes Hospital NHS Foundation Trust

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